Fatal Officer Involved Shooting of Andres Guardado Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department

Deputy Miguel Vega, #542244

J.S.I.D. File #20-0225



GEORGE GASCÓN District Attorney

Justice System Integrity Division April 14, 2023

MEMORANDUM

TO: CAPTAIN ANDREW D. MEYER

Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department

Homicide Bureau 1 Cupania Circle

Monterey Park, California 91755

FROM: JUSTICE SYSTEM INTEGRITY DIVISION

Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office

SUBJECT: Fatal Officer Involved Shooting of Andres Guardado

J.S.I.D. File #20-0225

L.A.S.D. File #020-07557-2871-013

DATE: April 14, 2023

The Justice System Integrity Division of the Los Angeles County District Attorney's Office has completed its review of the June 18, 2020, fatal shooting of Andres Guardado by Los Angeles Sheriff's Department (LASD) Deputy Miguel Vega. We have concluded that there is insufficient evidence to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that Vega did not fire in lawful self-defense.

The District Attorney's Command Center was notified of this shooting on June 18, 2020, at approximately 6:35 p.m. The District Attorney Response Team responded to the location. They were given a briefing and walk-through of the scene by Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department (LASD) Lieutenant Charles Calderaro.

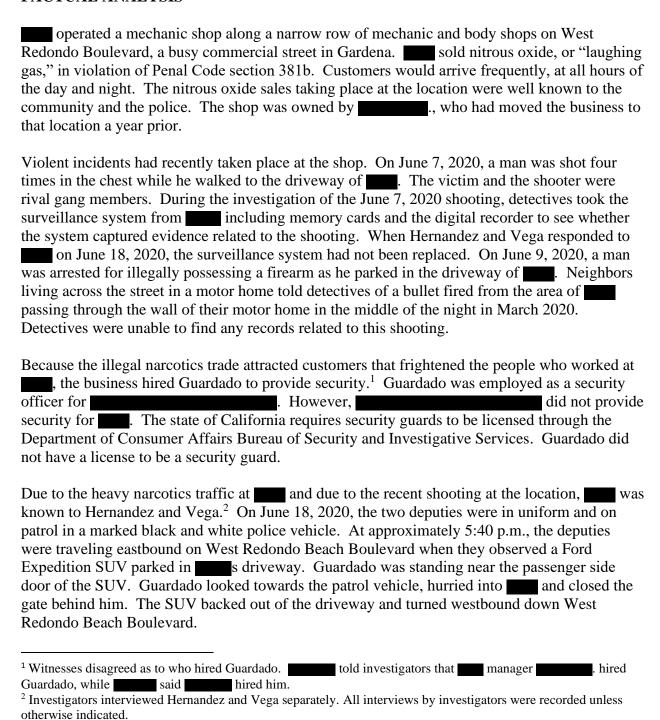
The following analysis is based on reports, recorded interviews, DVD recordings, surveillance videos, and photographs submitted to this office by the LASD Homicide Bureau. The analysis also considered a Los Angeles County Coroner's Office inquest into Guardado's cause of death, media reports regarding the incident, allegations that the deputies were seeking to join a deputy gang and allegations that they previously made false statements or unlawful arrests. No compelled statements were considered in this analysis. The deputies were not equipped with body worn video cameras.

SUMMARY

Guardado stopped. Vega told Guardado to drop the firearm and Guardado complied. As Vega moved to handcuff Guardado, Guardado reached for the discarded firearm. Vega discharged his duty weapon five times, killing Guardado.

There were no witnesses to the shooting other than Vega. No surveillance video captured Vega's or Guardado's actions.

FACTUAL ANALYSIS



Believing they may have witnessed a narcotics transaction, the deputies conducted a U-turn and followed the SUV. The deputies conducted a traffic stop of the SUV a block west of ______ Two occupants were inside the SUV. The deputies also saw ten to 12 cylindrical metal tanks and hundreds of balloons in the back of the vehicle.³ The driver of the SUV said he picked up the tanks from ______ and intended to deliver them to another business.

The deputies released the SUV and drove back to to investigate. Vega was driving the patrol vehicle and Hernandez was in the front passenger seat. As they approached the business from the west, they saw a white four-door Lexus sedan parked beside the curb, blocking the driveway of Prior to the deputies' arrival, exited the passenger seat of the Lexus, removed an empty nitrous oxide cylinder from the trunk, and carried it down the driveway so that it could be refilled at remained in the Lexus' driver's seat. Guardado was leaning into the front passenger window when the deputies' vehicle stopped alongside and to the front of the Lexus. The time was approximately 5:52 p.m.



Figure 1. This still photograph from a surveillance camera across the street from shows Guardado standing at the passenger side door of switchest 's white Lexus the moment before Hernandez and Vega exited their patrol vehicle.

When Vega stopped the patrol car, Hernandez, still seated, said to Guardado, "What are you doing?" Guardado froze and looked up at the deputies with a startled expression. Both deputies said Guardado reached for his waistband and both deputies saw the backstrap of a firearm protruding from the right side of Guardado's waistband. Both front windows of the Lexus were lowered, and the deputies said they could see through the opened windows to Guardado as he stood up. Both deputies told investigators they instructed Guardado to "Come here." Guardado took two steps back from the curb. Vega exited the patrol vehicle and ran around the driver's side of the Lexus as Guardado turned and ran slowly southbound down the driveway of Vega described Guardado's gait as a "trot" or "jog;" Hernandez said Guardado ran at "a slower pace. It was not a sprint to get away from us."

³ Balloons are common paraphernalia for ingesting nitrous oxide.



Figure 2. This photograph shows the mouth of the driveway leading to the deputies approached him.



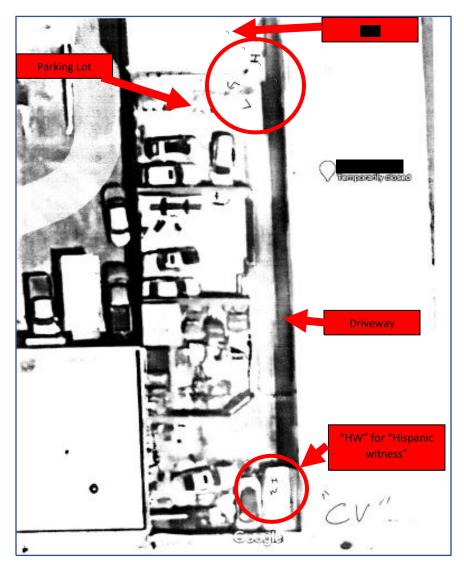
Figure 3. This satellite photograph of shows Guardado's path when he fled from the deputies.

As he jogged away, both deputies reported that Guardado kept his hand in the front of his waistband. Vega said he saw Guardado draw the gun from his waistband and keep it pressed to his body. Hernandez exited the patrol vehicle and followed approximately ten feet behind Vega. Vega maintained a distance of approximately four to five yards from Guardado during the chase.

As they followed Guardado, the deputies said they repeatedly told Guardado, "Stop! Drop the gun! Let me see your hands!" Guardado disregarded these instructions and continued fleeing slowly down the alley. Guardado kept his hands in front of him, in the center of his waistband, repeating, "Fuck! Fuck!" Both deputies saw Guardado look over his shoulder several times as he ran. Because he was running slowly, did not discard the firearm, and looked back at the deputies as he ran, the deputies both believed Guardado was trying to acquire a target so he could shoot them.

Guardado passed the east side of the building along the driveway where a sliding metal door was open. Guardado reached a parking lot at the south end of the building. Hernandez was familiar with the location because he responded to following the June 7, 2020 shooting. While he was chasing Guardado, he slowed down at the sliding door so he would be in position to head Guardado off if Guardado turned and entered from the south entrance.

Guardado turned into the parking lot on the south side of and stopped. Vega ran a few feet past Guardado in an effort to contain Guardado between himself and Hernandez.



Vega told Guardado, "Let me see your hands!" Vega broadcast that he was detaining a suspect for a violation of Penal Code section 417, brandishing a firearm. The deputies told investigators that Guardado was facing away from Vega. From his vantage point, Hernandez could only see Guardado's left side, which was turned towards Vega. Each deputy said Vega ordered Guardado to drop the gun. At that point, Hernandez told investigators that he looked into the garage to evaluate his surroundings. Vega said Guardado turned towards Vega with the gun in his left hand. Guardado bent at the waist and laid the gun on the ground approximately three feet away from his body on his left side. Because Guardado seemed to carefully place the gun close to himself as opposed to tossing it a safe distance away, Vega was concerned that Guardado would attempt to regain possession of it.

Vega told Guardado to get on the ground, a statement which Hernandez heard. Instead of laying directly on the ground, Vega said Guardado took a step backwards and a step to the side, moving himself closer to the gun. He then laid face down on the ground and extended his arms so that Vega estimated Guardado's right hand was approximately three inches from the firearm. Hernandez told investigators that due to his vantage point, the wall partially blocked his view, and he could only see Guardado from the middle of his back to his legs. Hernandez was able to see Vega. Vega was concerned that Guardado was intentionally keeping the gun within close reach so that he could use it against Vega. Vega repeatedly told Guardado to place his hands behind his back to dissociate Guardado's hand from the gun. Vega also said, "Do not touch that gun" multiple times. Guardado looked at Vega but did not put his hands behind his back.

Vega said he approached Guardado to handcuff him. As he did so, Vega said, "Do not reach for that weapon." Vega said he also repeated, "Put your hands behind your back." Guardado did not put his hands behind his back. Vega stepped towards Guardado to handcuff him. As Vega neared him, Guardado fixed his gaze on the nearby firearm. Vega was within two feet of Guardado, bending his knee to place his shin on Guardado's back. Vega seated his duty weapon in its holster which, Vega said, made a distinctive sound. Vega said that immediately after his gun made the sound of clicking into the holster, Guardado reached for his firearm with his right hand. Fearing that Guardado would acquire the firearm and kill Vega, Vega drew his duty weapon and fired multiple rounds at Guardado in rapid succession. Vega paused, saw that Guardado was still reaching for the firearm on the ground, and fired another round or two. Vega fired a total of five rounds, each of which struck Guardado in the back.

Hernandez said that he heard Vega say, "Don't reach!" followed by five to six gunshots. Hernandez broadcast that there had been a deputy involved shooting and requested an ambulance to provide medical attention to Guardado. Hernandez asked Vega if he was ok, and Vega responded, "He reached for the gun."

Vega saw a man—later identified as ______.—standing outside another business at the end of the driveway. Vega instructed ______. to remain where he was.

Guardado was still moving on the ground. When Hernandez approached Guardado and Vega, he saw that Guardado's right hand was extended towards the gun, which was "at his fingertips." Vega kicked the gun away from Guardado. Hernandez handcuffed Guardado and rendered medical aid. Los Angeles Fire Department personnel arrived and took over providing medical care to Guardado.

Physical Evidence

When crime scene investigators arrived at the scene, they saw Guardado's body lying near the open south bay door to Guardado's clothes had been cut by paramedics and medical adhesive tabs were stuck to his skin. Near the body, investigators recovered five expended cartridge cases, consistent with Vega firing five shots. Investigators also found Guardado's cellular telephone located near his head and a black baseball hat with a white letter "D" laid near Guardado's head and he was wearing black latex gloves.



Figure 5. This photograph shows the locations of the pistol and the hat relative to Guardado's body when investigators arrived at the scene.

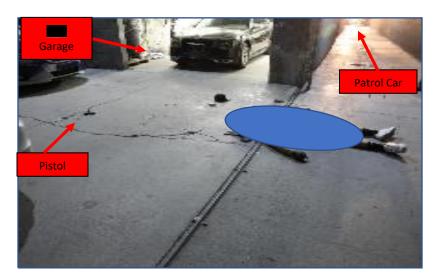


Figure 6. This photograph shows Guardado's body relative to Hernandez and Vega's patrol car, the driveway, and

Several feet west of Guardado's head, investigators recovered a loaded .40 caliber pistol. The stainless-steel slide was manufactured by Smith and Wesson, while the black polymer lower frame and handle was consistent in design and construction with a 3D printed structure. The magazine was manufactured by Glock. The firearm was functional and lacked any identifying markings, consistent with being a "ghost gun." The magazine contained fourteen live cartridges.



Figure 7. This photograph shows the pistol recovered near Guardado's body.

Inside introduction, investigators found dozens of cylindrical metal tanks which were capable of holding nitrous oxide. These metal tanks were lined up in various locations throughout the business.



Figure 8. This photograph shows nitrous oxide tanks lined up near a container in the back corner of the garage.

In the office, investigators found a refrigerator. In the freezer within the refrigerator, the insulation separated from the refrigerator door. The insulation had a cutout that fit the pistol recovered near Guardado and where the gun could be hidden.



DNA Evidence

LASD Scientific Services Bureau Biological Unit analyzed the pistol recovered near Guardado's body. Criminalists located Guardado's DNA on the trigger, trigger guard, and on the loaded pistol magazine.

Surveillance Cameras

A video surveillance camera from a business across West Redondo Beach Boulevard showed the Ford Expedition leaving the driveway of , and shortly after it captured Lexus pulling up to the driveway of where Guardado stood. It continues to record the incident as described above until the deputies ran down the driveway, where they ran outside the scope of the camera. A still from this video recording is shown in Figure 1 of this memorandum. It is impossible to discern from the video whether or not Guardado was holding the gun when he started running from the curb.

Pursuant to a search warrant, investigators secured the business park and prevented the public from entering. LASD recovered a DVR player inside . There were also two Netgear brand wireless surveillance cameras inside the business. told investigators those cameras did not work because she had not paid the bill for a year. said they did not work because of "WiFi connectivity issues."

There were two cameras mounted on the outside of the smaller, or northern, building. There were also five cameras mounted on the outside of the larger building where was located. Those cameras were directed towards the sidewalk; towards the driveway; and towards the

parking lot where Guardado was shot. All seven of these cameras were ADT brand. The exterior cameras were controlled and maintained by
Investigators found that none of the cameras worked at the time of the shooting of Guardado. Either the cameras' memory cards had been removed during the investigation of the June 7, 2020 shooting or they were connected to the DVR, which was not functional.
LASD High Tech Task Force (HTTF) detectives examined the DVR and cameras taken into evidence and found that no audio or video recordings were taken of the shooting.
Telephone Call from "of uBreakiFix
On June 21, 2020, investigators spoke to "grant professional working at uBreakiFix, grant professional working at uBreakiFix is a mobile phone repair chain store.
said Guardado's family provided him with a storage device which contained footage of a male LASD deputy and a female sergeant disabling a security camera. ⁴
Approximately a half an hour after speaking to, an investigator received a call from "said he was's manager at uBreakiFix. He said Guardado's family had not asked them to retrieve video of the shooting. He was unable to explain why would make that assertion, but stated it was not true. The investigator asked for identifying information, but refused to provide any. He said he did not want to assist law enforcement any further in their investigation.

Investigators were unable to verify the location of the uBreakiFix store. There were no uBreakiFix locations in Riverside.

Guardado's Cellular Telephone

Guardado's cellular telephone was lying next to his head when his body was recovered. LASD HTTF downloaded the phone's contents and provided them to Homicide investigators reviewing the Guardado shooting. Among the contents of Guardado's phone, the investigators found three selfie-style videos in which Guardado appears to be holding a gun. The first video shows someone who appears to be Guardado holding a different gun than the one recovered in this incident. The two other videos show the subject of the videos holding what appears to be the same gun that was recovered near Guardado's body. Each of the videos appears to be recorded inside ______, based upon the distinctive color of the walls in the background, the beams in the

⁴ Efforts to determine whether any such video exists were met with negative results.

ceiling, and the numerous metal tanks. The first video was recorded on June 2, 2020; and the next two were recorded 25 seconds apart on June 16, 2020, two days before the shooting.

The person in the video appears to be Guardado because they are taken from the perspective of a "selfie" style video; the subject of the video is wearing a Raiders baseball hat that Guardado is wearing in other photographs on the phone; and the subject is wearing black latex gloves and a facemask consistent with those Guardado wore during the incident. Additionally, the background of the videos appears to be the inside of _______. The June 2nd video depicts blue metal tanks in front of a blue wall and a rolling set of metal draws with red trim. The June 16 videos show a maroon wall in the background as well as exposed metal beams consistent with the underside of the loft in _______.

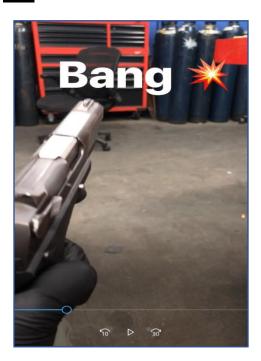


Figure 10. This still photograph was taken from a video recording taken from Guardado's phone. The video was created on June 2, 2020. The gun was compared to the pistol recovered near Guardado's body but was determined to be a different weapon.



Figure 11. This still photograph is taken from the first of two video recordings that were made on June 16, 2020 on Guardado's phone. The photograph shows Guardado holding a gun that, according to LASD Criminalist Munoz, exhibited similar characteristics to the pistol recovered near Guardado's body.

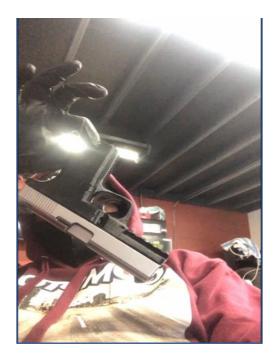


Figure 12. This still photograph is taken from the second of two video recordings made with Guardado's phone on June 16, 2020. A firearm comparison confirmed this firearm was the gun recovered near Guardado's body.

Investigators also saw a video of Guardado inflating a balloon with gas from a metal tank. In the video, Guardado is wearing what appears to be the same hat he was wearing at the time of the

shooting.

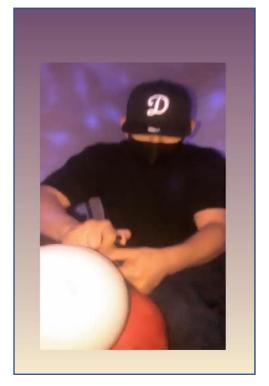


Figure 13. This still photograph from Guardado's cell phone shows Guardado inflating a balloon with gas while wearing the hat he wore the day of the shooting.



Figure~14.~This~photograph~shows~Guardado~is~hat~laying~in~the~parking~lot.

Social Media Evidence

Investigators reviewed Guardado's Instagram account. Posted on the account, they found a photograph of a loaded magazine and a photograph of the pistol that was recovered near Guardado's body.



Figure 15. This photograph of a loaded magazine was posted on Guardado's Instagram account.



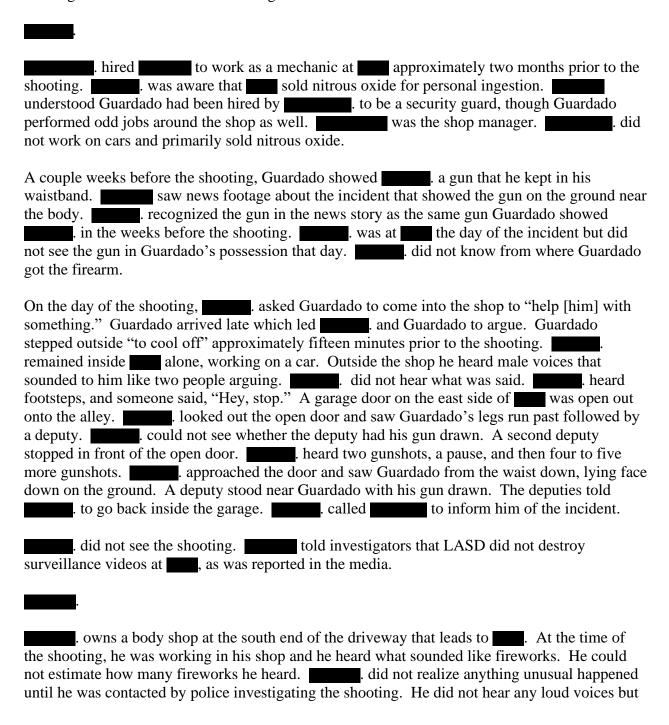
Figure 16. This photograph of a two-toned pistol was posted on Guardado's Instagram account. Criminalist Munoz compared the gun in this photograph with the pistol located near Guardado's body and determined that they are the same firearm.

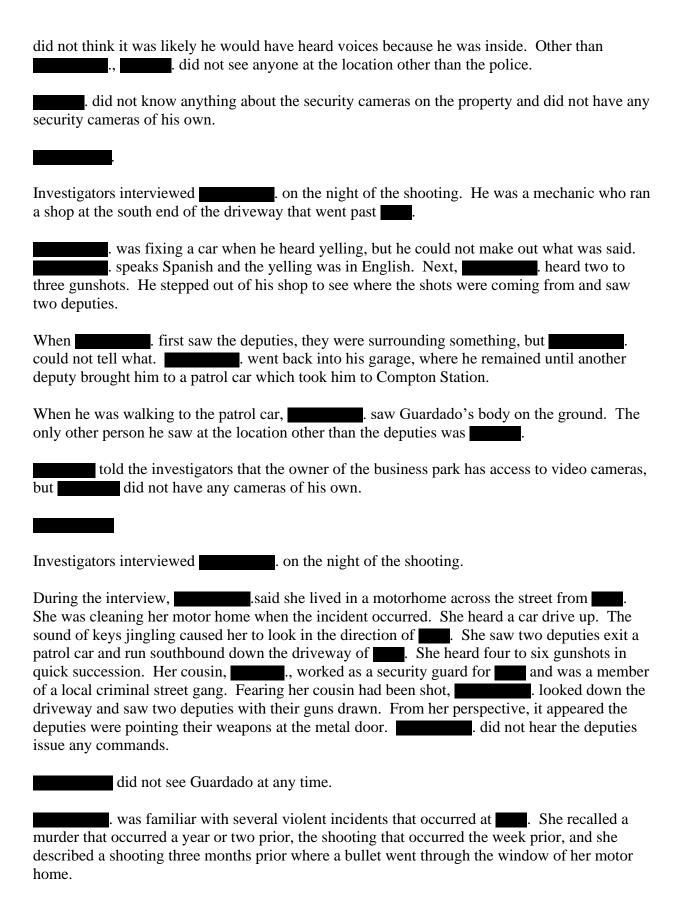
Criminalist Manuel Munoz compared seven photographs, including the guns depicted in Figures 10, 11, 12 and 16 with the gun recovered near Guardado's body. Munoz concluded that the firearm depicted in Figures 12 and 16 were the pistol that was located near Guardado's body. The gun depicted in Figure 10 was a different gun. He determined that the firearm shown in Figure 11 bore similar characteristics to the gun recovered near Guardado's body, but there was insufficient detail in the photograph to make a firm conclusion. He found that three other photographs that were taken from Guardado's phone were similar to the pistol recovered near

Guardado's body, but it was impossible to make a conclusive determination due to a lack of sufficient detail in the picture. Finally, Munoz found that the magazine depicted in Figure 15 was consistent with the magazine in the pistol recovered near Guardado's body.

Witness Statements

Investigators interviewed the following witnesses:

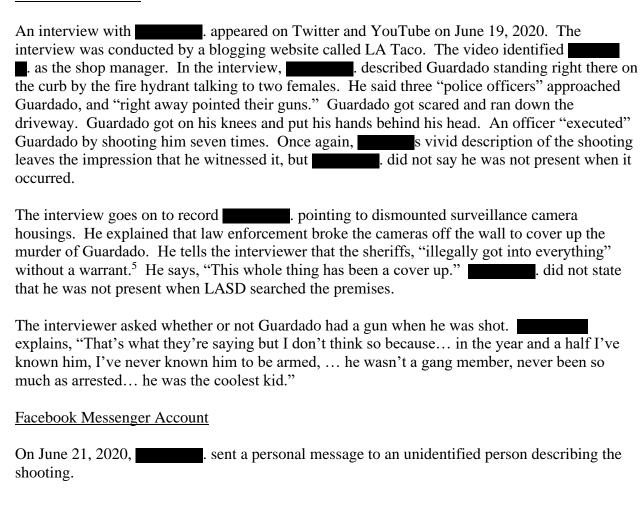




provided an interview to KTTV news that aired on June 19, 2020. In the interview, she provided a brief account of the incident that was generally consistent with the statement she gave investigators on the night of the shooting. In the news interview, she described the deputies as white males and emphasized she did not hear them issue commands to Guardado.
Based on the interview investigators saw on the news, they decided to interview a second time. She confirmed that what she told them on the night of the shooting was true. She confirmed that she saw the deputies get out of the patrol car and run down the alley. Shortly afterwards, she heard gunshots. She did not see the shooting.
lived in the motorhome across the street from with with . At the time of the incident, he was asleep inside his motorhome and was awakened by six to seven gunshots. He did not look outside his motorhome to investigate.
worked as a security guard at . He did not wear a uniform or carry a firearm when he worked as a security guard there. He stood at the gate and searched people to ensure they were unarmed before entering .
. told the detectives that was in charge of hiring at and that owns stated that nobody was armed there. As far as he knew, was not selling nitrous oxide. He had never seen anybody bringing tanks in and out of the business. did not know whether there were tanks inside because he never went inside.
Initially, said he did not know Guardado.
Later in the interview,
<u>Television News Interviews</u>
An interview with was broadcast by KABC News on June 19, 2020 said Guardado was working as a security guard in front of BPD due to problems with graffiti said, "the police apparently pulled a gun on (Guardado)." Guardado was frightened and ran. The deputy chased him and "emptied a clip into him." In the interview, spoke as if he saw the incident, but he later clarified to investigators he was not at the scene when the incident occurred.
KCAL9 news and CBS2 news broadcast the same interview with In the interview, told KCAL 9 news that Guardado was working as a security guard due to problems with graffiti at the business. He said that the police approached Guardado and pulled their guns

on him. Guardado got scared and ran. The police shot and killed him. Guardado "had a clean background," and police had no reason to shoot him.

YouTube Interview



⁵ Detectives arrived at the scene at 6:34 p.m. and a magistrate signed a search warrant for the premises at approximately 8:20 p.m.

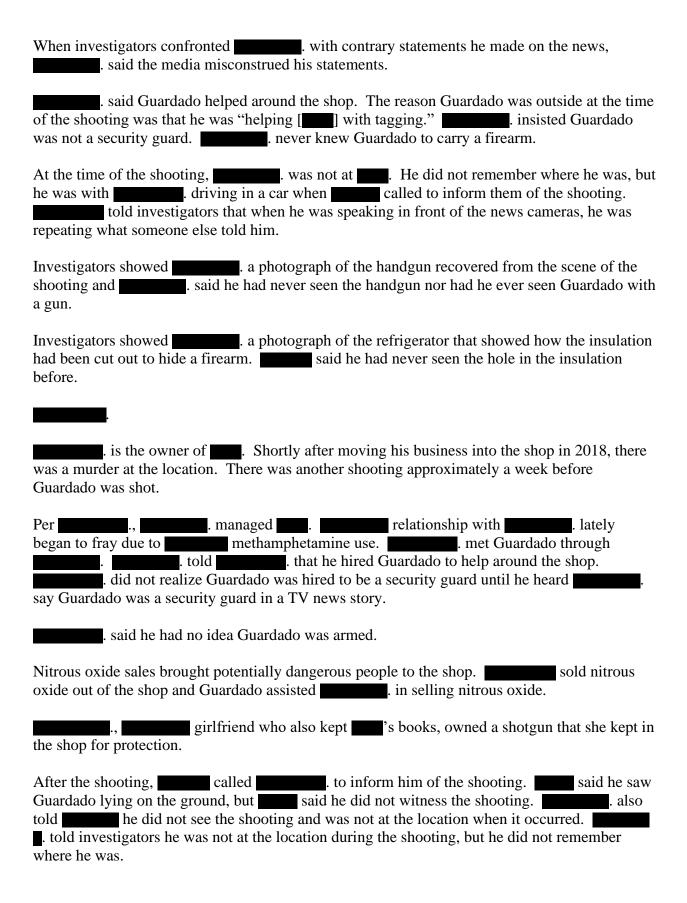


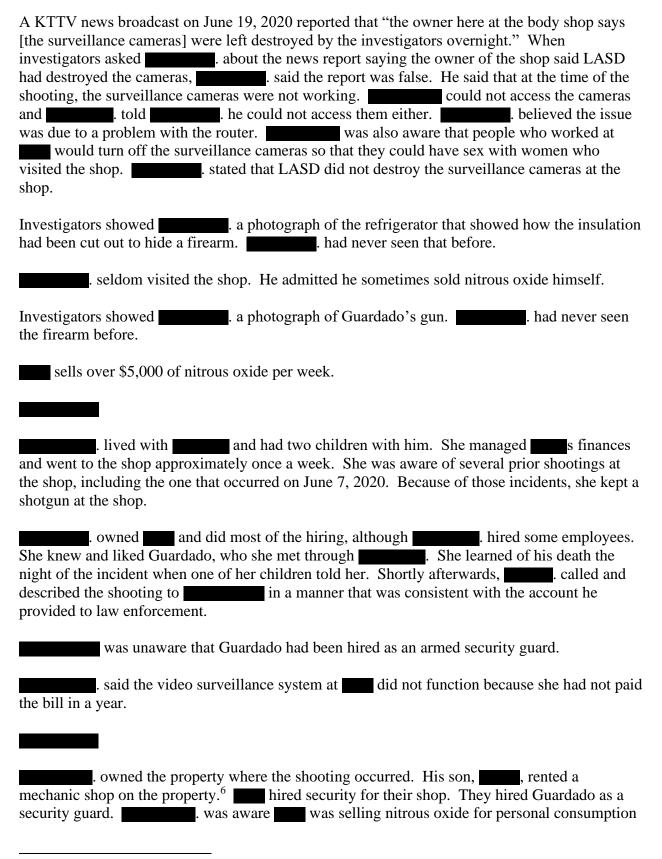
Figure 17. Investigators found this account of the shooting written in

The description of the shooting contained in Facebook account is consistent with the interview he provided to LA Taco. Each bear the following similarities:

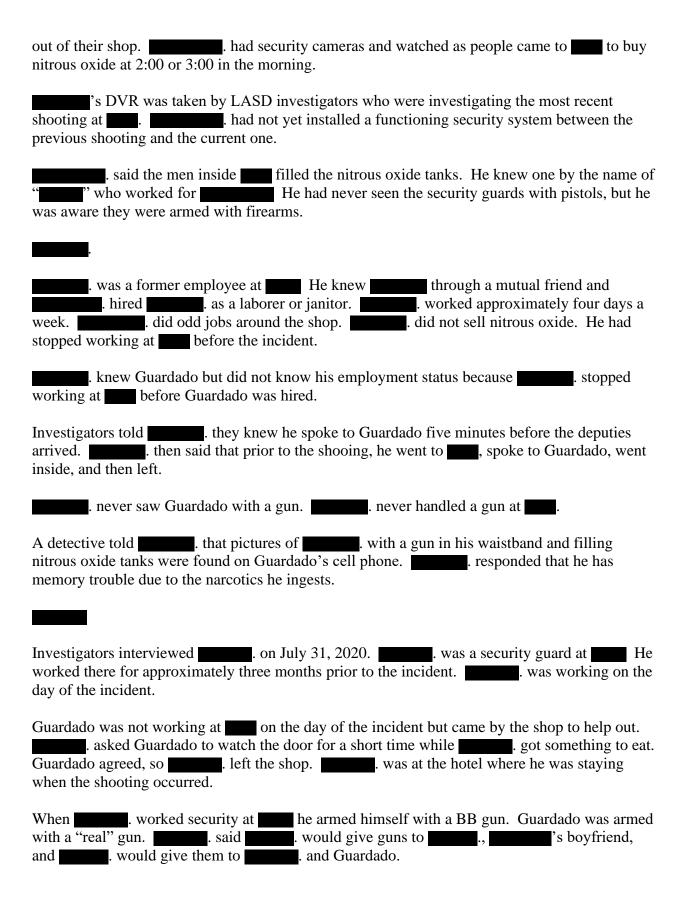
- 1. LASD "executed" Guardado
- 2. Three officers chased Guardado
- 3. Guardado was shot seven times
- 4. LASD destroyed the cameras at the shop to cover up their deputies' wrongdoing
- does not explain that he was not present when the shooting occurred

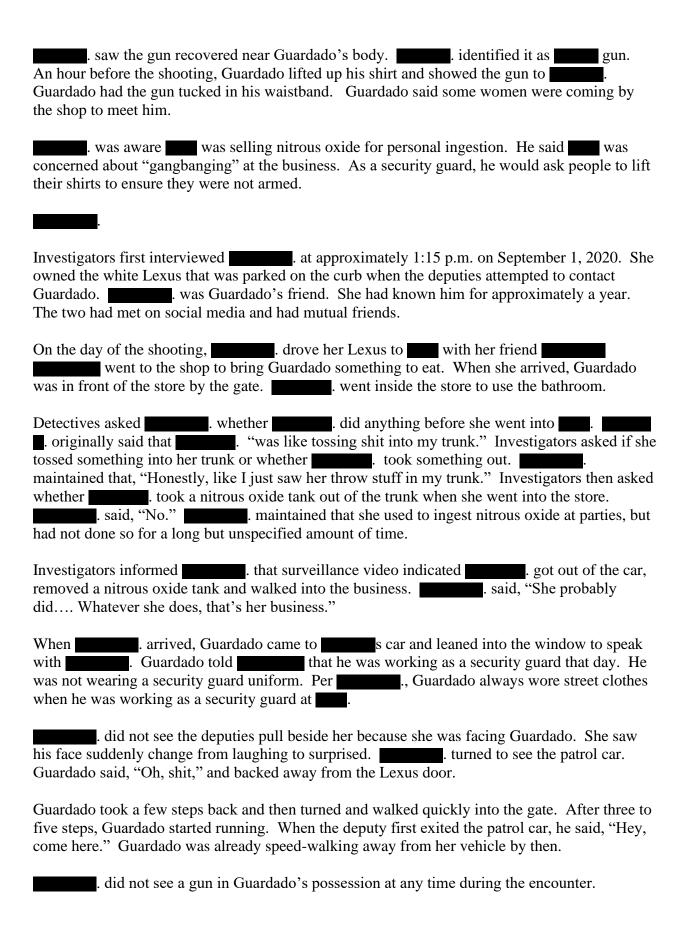
LASD Interviews



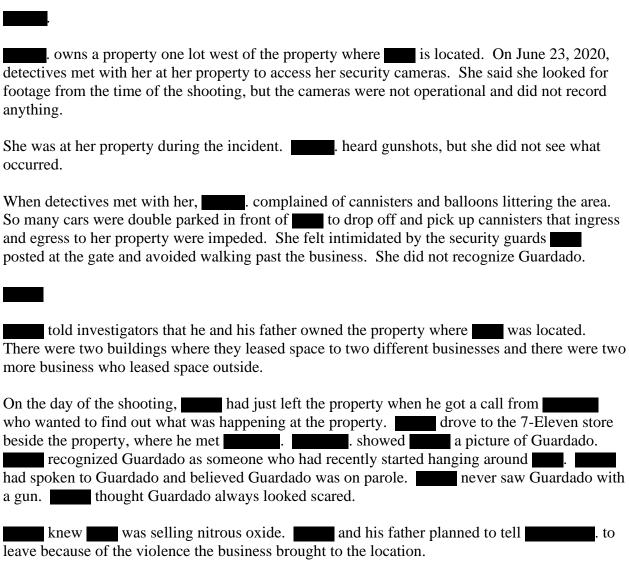


ran a mechanic's shop out of a bay on the north side of the larger of the two buildings on the property.





lost sight of Guardado and the deputies after they passed the front corner of the building. She heard three shots immediately after the deputies disappeared from her view and believes the shots were fired just past the front of the building. was in the alley when the shots were fired. yelled at to run. ran to the Lexus and got inside. Fearing for her life, negotiated the Lexus away from the curb and drove away.
Approximately 57 minutes into the interview, and a dmitted that when got out of the car and went into got, she took a tank that belonged to got out. out of the trunk.
asked to speak to detectives again approximately six hours after the first interview on September 1, 2020. During this interview, she said was the owner of acknowledged that she was a regular customer who bought nitrous oxide at spoke to the police for the first time, she was angry at the police and blamed them for Guardado's death. In retrospect, she recognized that if Guardado had not run from them, he might not have been killed.
Investigators interviewed
Guardado was standing by the gate when and drove up and Guardado started speaking asked if it would be alright if she used the restroom. She got out of the car and went to the shop where an "older white guy" refused to let her in was walking down the driveway back to the car when she saw Guardado running towards her followed by two deputies. She did not hear the deputies or Guardado say anything. She did not pay attention to whether Guardado had anything in his hand.
was confused and ran to the car. When she got into the car, when the car got to the corner, she heard what she believed were gunshots.
As the interview progressed, she told investigators that asked her to get an empty nitrous oxide tank out of the trunk and bring it into . She did so.
She knew Guardado was a security guard at but she did not know anything more about him.
After the incident, and went to a 7-Eleven parking lot nearby Guardado's family and news cameras were there spoke to in the parking lot, who told her Guardado worked for him and that hated law enforcement told her that he owned



The property had surveillance cameras, but the DVR was not working, and the cameras were not functional.

Autopsy

On June 22, 2020, Dr. Kevin Young, a Medical Examiner at the Los Angeles County Coroner's Office performed an autopsy on Guardado's body. Dr. Young found that Guardado suffered five fatal gunshot wounds. All of the rounds entered Guardado's back. There was also a graze wound on each of his forearms.

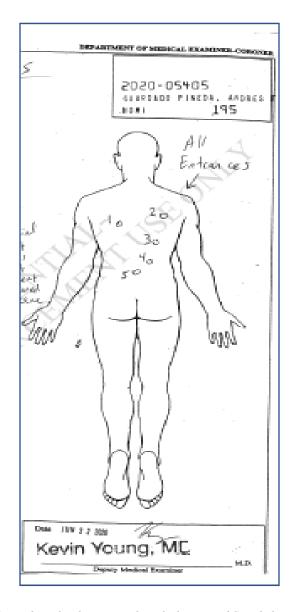


Figure 18. Dr. Young drew this diagram to show the location of Guardado's gunshot wounds.

Dr. Young labeled the gunshot wounds one through five in descending order from head to lower back, with gunshot wound number one being the one closest to the head and gunshot wound number five being the injury farthest from the head. He analyzed the trajectory of each projectile through the body. He determined that gunshot wound number one traveled from back to front and down. Gunshot wounds two through five all traveled back to front and up.

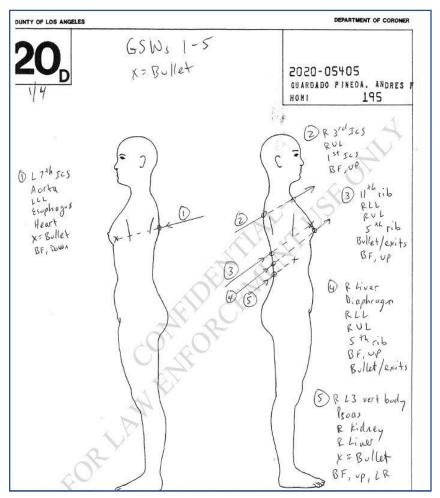


Figure 19. Dr. Young drew these diagrams so show the trajectory of the projectiles through Guardado's body.

Dr. Young determined Guardado died of multiple gunshot wounds.

Inquest

On November 30, 2020, the Los Angeles County Coroner's Office conducted an inquest into Guardado's cause of death. Justice Candace Cooper determined that "the medical cause of death was multiple gunshot wounds" and "the manner of death" was not an accident or suicide.

Allegations of Deputy Gang Involvement

News reports, testimony before the Los Angeles County Civilian Oversight Commission and allegations in a civil lawsuit have alleged that Deputies Vega and Hernandez were seeking to gain membership in a deputy gang referred to as "the Executioners" at the time of the shooting. It is alleged that the Executioners are a violent deputy gang within the Compton Sheriff's Station and membership is earned by engaging in acts of violence.

Allegations of Making False Statements and Arrest

On April 13, 2020, Deputies Hernandez and Vega were on patrol in a marked black and white patrol SUV. They detained two males and searched them at a park. witnessed the search and yelled at the deputies to leave the males alone. After completing the search, they grabbed placed, placed him in the backseat of their patrol vehicle and drove off. While was in the backseat of the vehicle unhandcuffed and unrestrained, they pursued a male on a bicycle. The pursuit, however, ended when the SUV collided with a concrete wall. was injured as a result of the collision and alleged he was falsely arrested. As a result of this incident, the Sheriff's Department initiated a criminal investigation into the deputies' actions and presented the case to the District Attorney. The District Attorney reviewed the allegations but ultimately deferred prosecution of the deputies to the United States Attorney for the Central District of California when on April 13, 2023, it was announced that a federal grand jury returned an indictment against both deputies for a violation of civil rights and obstruction of justice.

LEGAL ANALYSIS

California law permits the use of deadly force in self-defense or in the defense of others if the person claiming the right of self-defense or the defense of others actually and reasonably believed that he or others were in imminent danger of great bodily injury or death. Penal Code section 197; *People v. Randle* (2005) 35 Cal.4th 987, 994 (overruled on another ground in *People v. Chun* (2009) 45 Cal.4th 1172, 1201); *People v. Humphrey* (1996) 13 Cal.4th 1073, 1082; *see also.* CALCRIM No. 505.

A peace officer is justified in using deadly force upon another person when the officer reasonably believes, based on the totality of the circumstances, that such force is necessary for either of the following reasons: (1) to defend against an imminent threat of death or serious bodily injury to the officer or to another person; or (2) to apprehend a fleeing person for any felony that threatened or resulted in death or serious bodily injury, if the officer reasonably believes that the person will cause death or serious bodily injury to another unless immediately apprehended. Penal Code section 835a(c)(1)(A) and (B).

Deadly force shall be used "only when necessary in defense of human life," and officers "shall use other available resources and techniques if reasonably safe and feasible to an objectively reasonable officer." Penal Code section 835a(a)(2).

A threat of death or serious bodily injury is imminent when, based on the totality of the circumstances, a reasonable officer in the same situation would believe that a person has the present ability, opportunity, and apparent intent to immediately cause death or serious bodily injury to the peace officer or another person. An imminent harm is not merely a fear of future harm, no matter how great the fear and no matter how great the likelihood of the harm, but is one that, from appearances, must be instantly confronted and addressed. Penal Code section 835a(e)(2).

When considering the totality of the circumstances, all facts known to or perceived by the peace officer at the time, including the conduct of the officer and the subject leading up to the use of deadly force are taken into consideration. Penal Code section 835a(a)(4) and (e)(3). The peace officer's decision to use force is not evaluated with the benefit of hindsight and shall account for occasions when officers may be forced to make quick judgments about using force. Penal Code section 835a(a)(4).

In this case, we have no account of what happened at the moment Vega shot Guardado except Vega's own statements. There is no surveillance video of the event and there are no other witnesses who saw what occurred.

Vega said when he first arrived at the scene, he saw that Guardado had a gun. When he saw the deputies, Guardado turned and ran. He decided to keep the gun as he ran instead of discarding it. Rather than flee at full speed when he saw the deputies, Guardado "jogged" or "trotted," and looked over his shoulder at the deputies pursuing him. These facts as stated by Vega are corroborated by other evidence.

Vega said that once Guardado stopped running, Guardado still maintained possession of the pistol, despite clear direction to drop the gun and sufficient opportunity to do so. Vega said that when Guardado finally put the gun down, he laid it nearby where he could easily access it. When Guardado laid down on the ground, he refused to put his arms behind his back. The close proximity of the gun and Guardado's refusal to place his hands behind his back reasonably heightened Vega's fears that Guardado intended to use deadly force against him.

Vega told investigators he had to holster his firearm to handcuff Guardado. When Vega did so, Guardado reached for his pistol. Once armed, it would have taken Guardado only an instant to fire the weapon at Vega. Guardado's actions in reaching for the firearm caused Vega to fear for his life. If Vega's description of events is accurate, Vega reasonably believed he needed to use deadly force to defend against this threat when he fired his duty weapon at Guardado.

Although there is no evidence to support Vega's assertion that Guardado reached for the gun, there is also no evidence that contradicts his assertion. While the allegations that Vega was seeking to become a member of the Executioners are concerning and arguably provide a motive to use unreasonable force, this information is insufficient to prove that Vega lied about Guardado possessing and reaching for a gun. The same is true with respect to the evidence relating to his conduct in the arrest of

The autopsy found that Guardado was shot five times in the back. This fact is insufficient to prove a lack of self-defense. The evidence shows Guardado was in possession of this firearm days before and at the time he fled from the deputies. The only evidence of Guardado's actions immediately prior to Vega firing his weapon is Vega's statement that he reached for the firearm. Given the available evidence, there is insufficient evidence to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that Vega's actions were not because he honestly and reasonably feared for his life at the time he fired his pistol.

Hernandez's account verifies Vega's description of events in significant respects. While Hernandez said he was unable to see Guardado's hands or upper body at the moment Vega fired his pistol, he stated the gun was very near Guardado's hand when Hernandez approached after the shooting. Hernandez also stated Guardado was still moving, and he still seemed to be reaching for the weapon when Hernandez kicked it away. While his credibility can be questioned in light of the allegations about his desire to join a deputy gang and his subsequent conduct relating to ______.'s arrest, that conduct was considered but is insufficient to discount the entirety of his statements.

CONCLUSION

Based on the totality of the circumstances and available evidence, there is insufficient evidence to prove beyond a reasonable doubt that Deputy Vega did not act in lawful self-defense.